



AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	AMS6257™	REV. F
	Issued 1990-07 Revised 2016-08	
Superseding AMS6257E		
Steel Bars, Forgings, and Tubing 1.6Si - 0.82Cr - 1.8Ni - 0.40Mo - 0.08V (0.40 - 0.44C) Consumable Electrode Vacuum Remelted Normalized and Tempered (Similar to UNS K44220)		

RATIONALE

AMS6257F results from a review and update of this specification that revises micro-inclusion (3.4.2.1), test procedure for decarburization (3.4.4.5), quality (3.5), and reporting (4.4).

1. SCOPE

1.1 Form

This specification covers a premium aircraft-quality, low-alloy steel in the form of bars, forgings, mechanical tubing, and forging stock.

1.2 Application

These products have been used typically for parts under 3.5 inches (89 mm) in thickness requiring a through-hardening steel capable of developing a minimum hardness of 52 HRC, the parts being subject to very rigid magnetic particle inspection standards, but usage is not limited to such applications.

1.2.1 Certain design and processing procedures may cause these products to become susceptible to stress-corrosion cracking after heat treatment; ARP1110 recommends practices to minimize such occurrences.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

SAE Technical Standards Board Rules provide that: "This report is published by SAE to advance the state of technical and engineering sciences. The use of this report is entirely voluntary, and its applicability and suitability for any particular use, including any patent infringement arising therefrom, is the sole responsibility of the user."

SAE reviews each technical report at least every five years at which time it may be revised, reaffirmed, stabilized, or cancelled. SAE invites your written comments and suggestions.

Copyright © 2016 SAE International

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of SAE.

TO PLACE A DOCUMENT ORDER: Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada)
Tel: +1 724 776 4970 (outside USA)

SAE values your input. To provide feedback on this Technical Report, please visit standards/AMS6257E

This is a preview. Click here to purchase the full publication.

SAE WEB ADDRESS:

2.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or +1 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

AMS2251	Tolerances, Low-Alloy Steel Bars
AMS2253	Tolerances, Carbon and Alloy Steel Tubing
AMS2259	Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Wrought Low-Alloy and Carbon Steels
AMS2300	Steel Cleanliness, Premium Aircraft-Quality Magnetic Particle Inspection Procedure
AMS2310	Qualification Sampling and Testing of Steels for Transverse Tensile Properties
AMS2370	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel Wrought Products and Forging Stock
AMS2372	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing Carbon and Low-Alloy Steel Forgings
AMS2750	Pyrometry
AMS2806	Identification Bars, Wire, Mechanical Tubing, and Extrusions Carbon and Alloy Steels and Corrosion and Heat-Resistant Steels and Alloys
AMS2808	Identification Forgings
AMS-H-6875	Heat Treatment of Steel Raw Materials
ARP1110	Minimizing Stress Corrosion Cracking in Wrought Forms of Steels and Corrosion Resistant Steels and Alloys
ARP1917	Clarification of Terms Used in Aerospace Metals Specifications
AS1182	Standard Stock Removal Allowance Aircraft-Quality and Premium Aircraft-Quality Steel Bars and Mechanical Tubing

2.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ASTM A370	Mechanical Testing of Steel Products
ASTM A604	Macroetch Testing of Consumable Electrode Remelted Steel Bars and Billets
ASTM E45	Determining the Inclusion Content of Steel
ASTM E112	Determining Average Grain Size
ASTM E140	Hardness Conversion Tables for Metals
ASTM E350	Chemical Analysis of Carbon Steel, Low-Alloy Steel, Silicon Electrical Steel, Ingot Iron, and Wrought Iron
ASTM E384	Microindentation Hardness of Materials

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Composition

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined by wet chemical methods in accordance with ASTM E350, by spectrochemical, or by other analytical methods approved by purchaser.

Table 1 - Composition

Element	min	max
Carbon	0.40	0.44
Manganese	0.65	0.90
Silicon	1.45	1.80
Phosphorus	--	0.010
Sulfur	--	0.008
Chromium	0.70	0.95
Nickel	1.65	2.00
Molybdenum	0.35	0.45
Vanadium	0.05	0.10
Copper	--	0.35

3.1.1 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS2259, except that check analysis limits for carbon shall be 0.01 under minimum or over maximum.

3.2 Melting Practice

Steel shall be multiple melted using vacuum consumable electrode practice in the remelt cycle.

3.3 Condition

The product shall be supplied in the following condition; hardness and tensile strength shall be determined in accordance with ASTM A370:

3.3.1 Bars and Tubing

Normalized and tempered at a temperature not higher than 1250 °F (677 °C). Pyrometry shall be in accordance with AMS2750. Bar shall not be cut from plate (also see 4.4.2).

3.3.1.1 Bars 0.500 Inch (12.70 mm) and Under in Nominal Diameter or Least Distance Between Parallel Sides

Cold finished having tensile strength not higher than 130 ksi (896 MPa), or equivalent hardness (see 8.2).

3.3.1.2 Bars Over 0.500 Inch (12.70 mm) in Nominal Diameter or Least Distance Between Parallel Sides

Hot finished unless otherwise ordered, having hardness not higher than 341 HB, or equivalent (see 8.3). Bars ordered cold finished may have hardness as high as 341 HB (see 8.3).

3.3.1.3 Mechanical Tubing

Cold finished, unless otherwise ordered, having hardness not higher than 341 HB or equivalent (see 8.3). Tubing ordered hot finished and annealed shall have hardness not higher than 99 HRB, or equivalent (see 8.3).

3.3.2 Forgings

Normalized and tempered in accordance with AMS-H-6875 to a hardness not higher than 341 HB, or equivalent (see 8.3).

3.3.3 Forging Stock

As ordered by the forging manufacturer.

3.4 Properties

The product shall conform to the following requirements; hardness and tensile testing shall be performed in accordance with ASTM A370:

3.4.1 Macrostructure

Visual examination of transverse sections from bars, billets, tube rounds, or forging stock, etched in hot hydrochloric acid in accordance with ASTM A604, shall not show pipe or cracks. Porosity, segregation, inclusions, and other imperfections for product 144 in² (929 cm²) and under in nominal cross-sectional area shall not be worse than the macrographs of ASTM A604 shown in Table 2.

Table 2 - Macrostructure limits

Class	Condition	Severity
1	Freckles	A
2	White Spots	A
3	Radial Segregation	B
4	Ring Pattern	B

3.4.2 Micro-Inclusion Rating of Each Heat

No specimen shall exceed the limits shown in Table 3, determined in accordance with ASTM E45, Method D.

Table 3 - Micro-inclusion rating limits

Type	A		B		C		D	
	Thin	Heavy	Thin	Heavy	Thin	Heavy	Thin	Heavy
Worst Field Severity	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.0
Worst Field Frequency, maximum	a	1	a	1	a	1	3	1
Total Rateable Fields, Frequency, maximum	b	1	b	1	b	1	8	1

a - Combined A+B+C, not more than 3 fields

b - Combined A+B+C, not more than 8 fields

3.4.2.1 A rateable field is defined as one which has a Type A, B, C, or D inclusion rating of at least 1.0 thin or heavy in accordance with ASTM E45.

3.4.3 Average Grain Size of Bar, Forgings, and Tubing

Shall be ASTM 6 or finer, determined in accordance with ASTM E112.

3.4.4 Decarburization

3.4.4.1 Bars and tubing ordered ground, turned, or polished shall be free from decarburization on the ground, turned, or polished surfaces. Decarburization on tubing ID shall not exceed the maximum depth specified in Table 5.

3.4.4.2 Allowable decarburization of bars, billets, and tube rounds ordered for redrawing or forging or to specified microstructural requirements shall be as agreed upon by purchaser and producer.